

SOLUTION 1

a. Process of Developing Accounting Standards

Identification of the need for an accounting standard for the purpose of resolving conflicting or varied views on a subject matter or where existing practice is unsatisfactory.

The IASB conducts a study on the subject matter through research and consultation with interested groups.

A draft standard is issued for the consideration of members of the accounting profession and other stakeholders.

A date is then fixed for the commencement of the standard which date is often stated in the standard itself.

i. **Relevance**

Accounting information is relevant if it has the ability to influence the economic decisions of users and is provided in time to influence those decisions. Information that is relevant has both predicative value and confirmatory value. Relevance implies the following:

Timeliness

Completeness

Appropriate and suitability to user objectives.

ii. **Reliability**

Accounting information is reliable if it is free from material errors. It is complete and faithfully represented what it purports to represent. Reliability implies reasonable accuracy.

iii. **Comparability**

Accounting information should permit meaningful comparison between one period and another as well as between one enterprise and another. The principle of comparability requires that consistent methods are applied over time and among different enterprises. It also requires full disclosure of material information.

iv. **Understandability**

Users of accounting information need to be able to perceive the significance and implication of the information. Information must be understandable before it can be useful.

b. FORMATION

Partnership – Two to Twenty

Company – one or more

OWNERSHIP

Partnership – Shareholders
 Company – Shareholders

MANAGEMENT

Partnership – Managed by the partners
 Company – Managed by directors and managers appointed by shareholder

FINANCING

Partnership – Individual contributions, loans and overdrafts
 Company – Floating of shares, Debentures, Preference Shares, loans

PROFIT DISTRIBUTION

Partnership – shared among the partners in the agreed ratio
 Company – Shared to Shareholders as dividend

SOLUTION 2

a. Revaluation Account

	GHS		GHS
Inventory	2,000	Land & Building	20,000
Capital Account:		Plant & Machinery	52,000
Kofi	46,667		
Afia	23,333		
	<u>70,000</u>		
	<u>72,000</u>		<u>72,000</u>

Goodwill Account

	GHS		GHS
Capital Account:		Capital Account:	
Kofi	16,000	Kofi	8,000
Afia	<u>8,000</u>	Ama	8,000
	<u>24,000</u>	Kwame	<u>8,000</u>
			<u>24,000</u>

OR

Revaluation Account

	GHS		GHS
Inventory	2,000	Land & Building	20,000
Capital Account		Plant & Machinery	52,000
Kofi	62,667	Goodwill	<u>24,000</u>
Afia	<u>31,333</u>		
	<u>96,000</u>		<u>96,000</u>

b. Partners Capital Account

	<u>Kofi</u> GHS	<u>Afia</u> GHS	<u>Kwame</u> GHS		<u>Kofi</u> GHS	<u>Afia</u> GHS	<u>Kwame</u> GHS
Goodwill	8,000	8,000	8,000	Balance b/d	62,500	72,000	
Balance c/d	133,167	103,333	102,000	Current Account	16,000	8,000	
				Cash			30,000
				Motor vehicle			60,000
				Computers			20,000
				Goodwill	16,800	8,000	
				Revaluation	<u>46,667</u>	<u>23,000</u>	
	<u>141,167</u>	<u>111,333</u>	<u>110,000</u>		<u>141,967</u>	<u>111,333</u>	<u>110,000</u>

c. Statement of Financial Position as at 1st January 2010

	GHS	GHS
<u>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</u>		
Land & Building		120,000
Plant & Machinery		100,000
Motor Vehicle (70,000 + 60,000)		130,000
Computers		<u>20,000</u>
		370,000
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u>		
Inventory (20,000 – 2,000)	18,000	
Trade Receivables	14,000	
Bank (30,000 + 20,000)	<u>10,000</u>	
	42,000	
<u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>		
Trade Payables	<u>73,500</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSET		<u>(31,500)</u>
NET ASSET		<u>338,500</u>
 <u>FINANCED BY</u>		
Capital:		
Kofi	133,167	
Afia	103,000	
Kwame	102,000	<u>338,500</u>

SOLUTION 3

a. KEKELE ENTERPRISE
JOURNAL

	DR GHS	CR GHS
Insurance A/C	600,000	
Suspense A/C		600,000
Drawings/Capital A/C	440,000	
Purchase A/C		440,000
Suspense A/C	1,488,000	
Bank A/C		1,488,000
Suspense A/C	1,960,000	
Sales A/C		1,960,000
Stock A/C	336,000	
Suspense A/C		336,000
Cash A/C	522,720	
Suspense A/C		522,720
Suspense A/C	784,000	
Purchase Ledger Control/Credit		784,000
Purchase A/C	1,100,000	
Suspense A/C		1,100,000
Discount Allowed A/C	75,000	
Suspense A/C		75,000
Suspense A/C	187,000	
Discount Received A/C		187,000

b. KEKELE ENTERPRISE STATEMENT OF ADJUSTED NET PROFIT

	GHS	GHS
Net profit before Adjusted		3,368,000
Add:		
Private Purchase	440,000	
Sales Omitted	1,960,000	
Discount Received	<u>187,000</u>	<u>2,587,000</u>
		5,955,000
Less:		

Insurance Premium		
Inventory Undercast		
Purchase Undercast	600,000	
Discount Allowed	336,000	
Adjusted Profit	1,100,000	
	<u>75,000</u>	<u>2,111,000</u>
		<u>3,844,000</u>

SOLUTION 4

a. KAMA ENTERPRISE
INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

	GHS	GHS	GHS
Sales			490,500
LESS Returns			<u>12,000</u>
			478,500
Opening Inventory		99,000	
Add Purchases	243,750		
Less Returns	<u>17,500</u>	<u>226,250</u>	
		325,250	
Less Closing Inventory		<u>129,500</u>	
Cost of Sales			<u>195,750</u>
Gross Profit			282,750
Add: Discount Received			12,500
Investment Income			<u>27,500</u>
			322,750
Less Expenses:			
Discount Allowed		7,500	
Administrative Expenses (20,000 – 6,000)		20,000	
Employee Benefits		33,000	
Selling Expenses		20,000	
Bad Debts		17,500	
Repairs		10,000	
Provision for Doubtful Debts		5,080	
Provision for Depreciation:			
Motor Vehicles	7,250		
Office Equipment	9,000		
Plant	<u>11,500</u>	<u>27,750</u>	<u>140,830</u>
Net Profit			<u>181,920</u>

KAMA ENTERPRISE
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2010

b.

	<u>COST</u>	<u>DEP</u>	<u>NBV</u>
<u>NON CURRENT ASSETS</u>			
Plant	115,000	49,000	66,000
Office Equipment	90,000	39,000	51,000
Motor Vehicles	<u>72,500</u>	<u>39,750</u>	<u>32,750</u>
	<u>277,500</u>	<u>127,750</u>	149,750
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u>			
Inventory		129,500	
Account Receivable	159,000		
Less Provision	<u>19,080</u>	139,920	
Prepayment-rent & Rates		6,000	
Cash & Bank (126,750 – 25,000)		<u>101,750</u>	
		377,170	
<u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts Payable	51,000		
Accruals	<u>79,000</u>	<u>130,000</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>247,170</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>396,920</u>
 <u>FINANCED BY</u>			
Capital			240,000
Net Profit			181,920
Drawings			<u>(25,000)</u>
			<u>396,920</u>

SOLUTION 5

ABC LTD
ADJUSTED CASH BOOK

	GHS		GHS
Interest Received	2,400	Balance b/d	6,000
Dividend received	4,000	Bank Charges	700
Deposit Account	1,000	Undercast of Payment	200
Stale Cheque	<u>500</u>	Balance c/d	<u>1,000</u>
	<u>7,900</u>		<u>7,900</u>
Balance b/d	1,000		

ABC LTD
RECONCILIATION STATEMENT AS AT 30TH JUNE 2011

Balance as per adjusted cashbook	GHS 1,000
Add: Unpresented cheque (10,000 – 500)	<u>9,500</u>
	10,500
Less: Uncredited cheques (8,000 – 1,200)	<u>9,200</u>
Balance as per bank statement	<u>1,300</u>

c.